

Physics-Informed Neural Networks for Biomass Gasification

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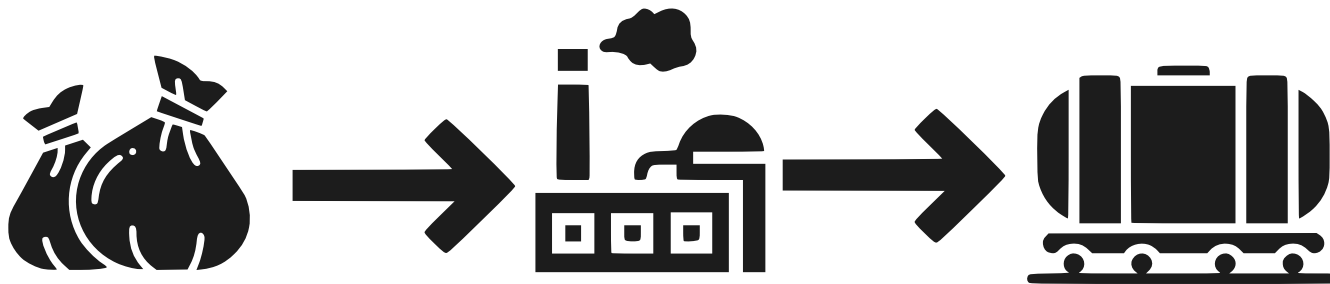


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Biomass gasification



WASTE

GASIFIER

SYNGAS



Heterogeneous feedstock



Scarce/uneven data



Complex thermochemistry

Data & features

Waste



Biomass

MSW

Agricultural residues

Waste analysis



C | H | Ash

Volatiles | Moisture

Gasifier conditions



Temperature | ER

Gasifying agent

Catalyst presence

Gasifier Properties



Scale | Reactor type

Bed material

Target



H₂

Dataset size



>1000 rows

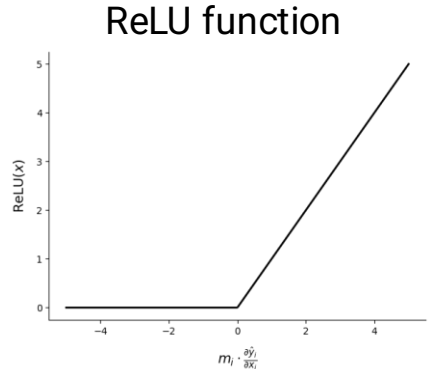
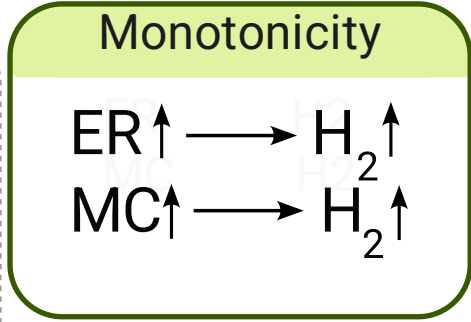
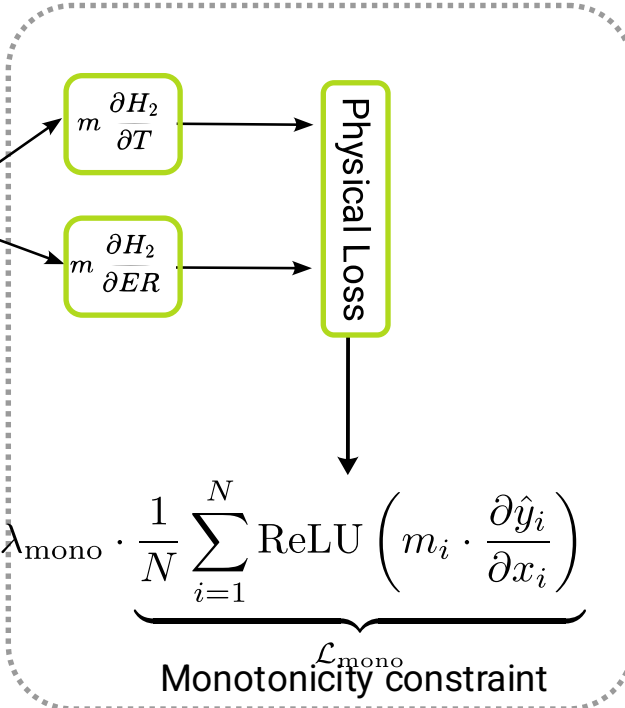
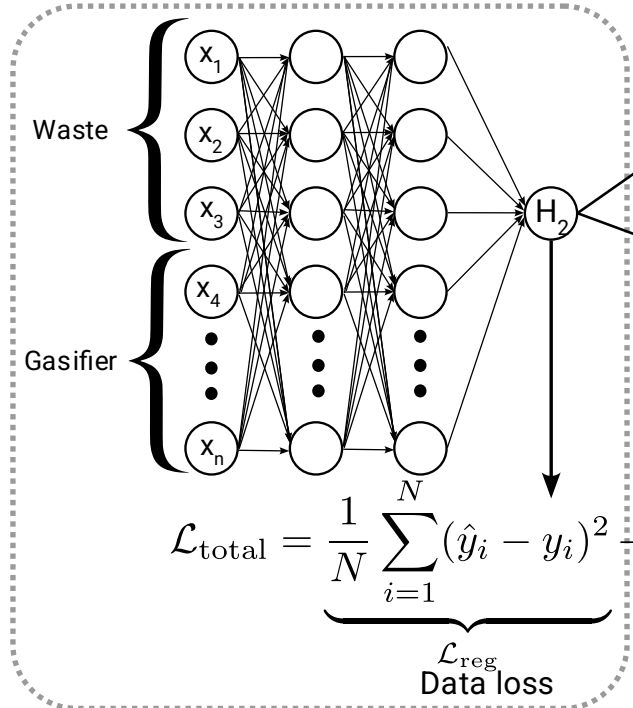
8 numerical features

5 discrete features

Methodology

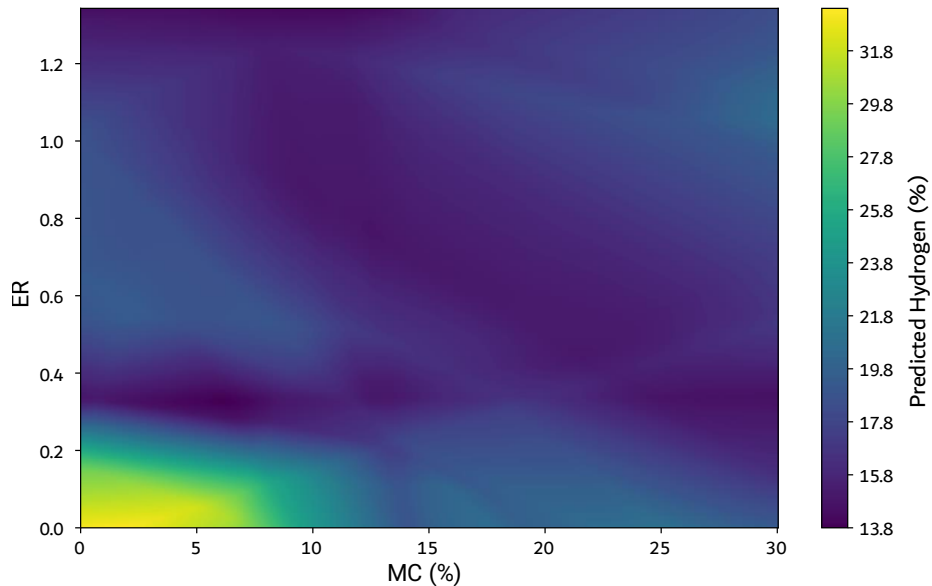
Artificial Neural Network

Physics Informed Network

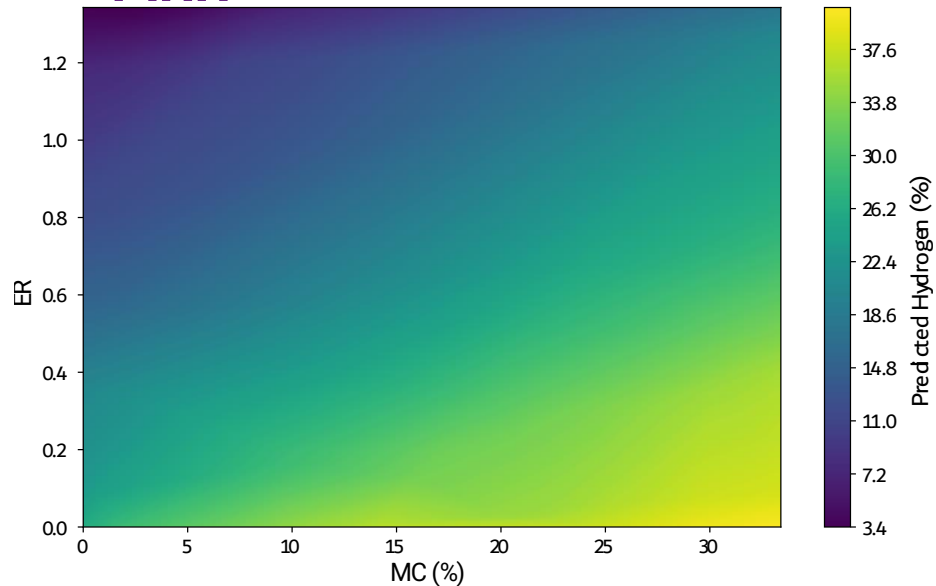


Results

Classic NN $R^2=0.91$ MSE: $3.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$



PINN $R^2=0.96$ MSE: $1.1 \cdot 10^{-3}$



Conclusions

- Embedding monotonicity constraints improves generalization and robustness.
- PINN delivers more reliable predictions than standard NN.
- PINNs are a promising path toward efficient green H₂ production.



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